

2009-2011 IPM Summary

Terence Bradshaw, M.S. University of Vermont

UVM OrganicA Research Project:

- Five high-value varieties
 - Gingergold, Honeycrisp, Liberty, Macoun, Zestar!
- Orchard 1
 - High density (580 trees/acre), trellised vertical axe
 - New planting in prepped ground
 - Mulched or cultivated tree row
- Orchard 2
 - Topworked 18 year-old M26 planting
 - Mowed sod tree row

UVM OrganicA Research Project: Orchard 1



UVM OrganicA Research Project: Orchard 2



Orchard 1 Cytokinin Trial, 2009-2010

- Poor growth and fruit yield in Orchard 1 through 2008 led to biostimulant study
 - Seacrop 16 (North American Kelp)
 - Stimplex (Acadian Agritech)
 - Both contain cytokinin isolates from A. nodosum
- Split-plot design of three treatments (Seacrop16, Stimplex, NTC) foliar applied at recommended field rates
- Mostly no effects from either material during study

UVM OrganicA Research Project: Expectations

Diseases:

- Apple scab primary disease of concern
- Susceptible cultivars, require mineral fungicide spray program
- Foliar rust, fruit rots may be an issue under organic management

Insects:

 The usual suspects: plum curculio, European apple sawfly, codling moth, other leps





2009-2011 Rainfall

Monthly Rainfall (inches) 2009-2011						
	20	2009		2010		11
	Measured	Dev from 20 yr avg	Measured	Dev from 20 yr avg	Measured	Dev from 20 yr avg
Apr	6.42	3.60	3.08	0.26	7.88	5.06
May	6.15	2.70	1.52	-1.93	8.67	5.22
Jun	1.9	-1.79	5.87	2.18	3.52	-0.17
Jul	2.49	-1.66	2.25	-1.90	3.68	-0.47
Aug	5.72	1.81	3.51	-0.40	6.11	2.20
Total	22.68	4.66	16.23	-1.79	29.86	11.84

2009-2011 Rainfall

Monthly Rainfall (inches) 2009-2011						
	20	2009		10	20	11
	Measured	Dev from 20 yr avg	Measured	Dev from 20 yr avg	Measured	Dev from 20 yr avg
Apr	6.42	3.60	3.08	0.26	7.88	5.06
May	6.15	2.70	1.52	-1.93	8.67	5.22
Jun	1.9	-1.79	5.87	2.18	3.52	-0.17
Jul	2.49	-1.66	2.25	-1.90	3.68	-0.47
Aug	5.72	1.81	3.51	-0.40	6.11	2.20
Total	22.68	4.66	16.23	-1.79	29.86	11.84

2009 Spray Program

		Active	1° Target
# Apps	Material	Ingredient	Pest
1	Champ WG	Copper	FB
3	Microthiol Disperss	Sulfur	AS
9	Miller Lime Sulfur	Lime Sulfur	AS
3	Dipel	Bt	Lep
3	Entrust	Spinosad	Lep, AMF
2	JMS Stylet Oil	Mineral Oil	MT
5	Surround	Kaolin	PC, EAS, CM
1	Trilogy	Neem Oil	EAS

2010 Spray Program

# Apps	Material	Active Ingredient	1° Target Pest
2	Agri-mycin 17	Streptomycin	FB
1	Champ WG	Copper	FB
7	Microthiol Disperss	Sulfur	AS
6	Miller Lime Sulfur	Lime Sulfur	AS
2	Aza-Direct 1.2L	Neem Extract	TPB,CM
3	Dipel	Bt	Lep
1	Entrust	Spinosad	Lep, AMF
1	JMS Stylet Oil	Mineral Oil	MT
1	PyGanic	Pyrethrum	EAS
6	Surround	Kaolin	PC, EAS, CM

2011 Spray Program

		Active	1° Target
# Apps	Material	Ingredient	Pest
1	Champ WG	Copper	FB
6	Microthiol Disperss	Sulfur	AS
6	Miller Lime Sulfur	Lime Sulfur	AS
1	Aza-Direct 1.2L	Neem Extract	TPB
9	Cyd-X	Granulosis virus	CM
12	Dipel	Bt	Lep
4	Entrust	Spinosad	Lep, AMF
3	JMS Stylet Oil	Mineral Oil	MT
9	Surround	Kaolin	PC, EAS, CM

Apple Scab



Foliar Scab

Orchard 1

	Foliar Apple Scab				
	% Incidence				
Cultivar	2009	2010	2011		
Ginger Gold	10.56a	1.46 a	7.99 a		
Honeycrisp	0.49c	0 b	0.40 b		
Liberty	0 c	0 b	0 b		
Macoun	2.34b	1.40 a	0.98b		
Zestar!	4.03 b	1.14a	2.40 b		

_	Foliar Apple Scab				
_	% Incidence				
Cultivar	2009	2010	2011		
Ginger Gold	19.42 ab	2.53 ab	17.30a		
Honeycrisp	0 c	0.05 b	0.10c		
Liberty	0 c	0 b	0 c		
Macoun	30.75 ab	3.68a	9.11ab		
Zestar!	6.95 b	0.91 ab	2.64 bc		

Fruit Scab

Orchard 1

		Fruit Scab		
	% Incidence			
Cultivar	2009	2010	2011	
Ginger Gold	2.44a	0	0.42	
Honeycrisp	0.22 b	0	0	
Liberty	0 b	0	0	
Macoun	1.78ab	0.22	0	
Zestar!	0.22 b	0.22	0.63	

		Fruit Scab	
		% Incidence	
Cultivar	2009	2010	2011
Ginger Gold	13.48a	0.11	0.43
Honeycrisp	0 b	0	0
Liberty	0 b	0	0
Macoun	3.92 ab	0	0
Zestar!	1.4b	0.13	0.25

2009 Scab in Orchard 2

- Assessment after 1° scab season:
 - 2 lesions / ~3000 leaves Orchard 1
 - 0 lesions / ~ 2200 leaves Orchard 2
- Match Equipment to Planting, IPM or Organic



Rust Diseases



Foliar Rust

Orchard 1

		Foliar Rust	
		% Incidence	
Cultivar	2009	2010	2011
Ginger Gold	37.07a	19.91b	51.15a
Honeycrisp	43.36a	27.03 a	54.26a
Liberty	7.18bc	16.56 bc	30.75 b
Macoun	9.64 b	15.57 bc	26.02b
Zestar!	5.99c	12.95 c	29.47b

		Foliar Rust	
		% Incidence	
Cultivar	2009	2010	2011
Ginger Gold	43.08a	24.88a	41.32b
Honeycrisp	40.23 a	20.28ab	54.32a
Liberty	14.56b	12.75 b	31.97bc
Macoun	12.6b	14.9 b	27.96 cd
Zestar!	4.9 c	13.54b	21.11d

Fruit Rust

Orchard 1

		Fruit Rust		
	% Incidence			
Cultivar	2009	2010	2011	
Ginger Gold	5.14a	6.03 a	39.06a	
Honeycrisp	4.02 a	0.26b	17.29 b	
Liberty	0.89b	0 b	37.92a	
Macoun	0 b	0.25 b	4.81c	
Zestar!	0 b	1.94b	15.44 b	

	Fruit Rust			
	% Incidence			
Cultivar	2009	2010	2011	
Ginger Gold	10.43 a	6.32a	25.81a	
Honeycrisp	8.41a	0.89b	7.52b	
Liberty	1.3b	1b	27.04a	
Macoun	0.29b	0.17b	2.40b	
Zestar!	1.15 b	1 b	17.30a	

Fungal Rots



Necrotic Leaf Spots

Orchard 1

	Necrotic Leaf Spot			
	% Incidence			
Cultivar	2009	2010*	2011	
Ginger Gold	23.52b	5.08b	6.51c	
Honeycrisp	4 d	1.15 c	3.75 c	
Liberty	13.96c	2.97bc	6.01c	
Macoun	38.49a	14.6a	31.48a	
Zestar!	45.78a	15.45a	18.70b	

	Necrotic Leaf Spot % Incidence		
Cultivar	2009	2010	2011
Ginger Gold	22.28b	6.68bc	9.73 b
Honeycrisp	3.85 c	1.63 c	1.80 c
Liberty	21.31b	4.33 c	6.38bc
Macoun	41.91a	15.85a	31.16a
Zestar!	47.6a	11.39ab	9.29b

Necrotic Leaf Spot: Orchard 1 Kelp Extract Treatments, 2010

2010 . (• • •	
2010 Percent of	torminall	COVICE VALIED	
/UTU PPH PHH OT	TELLILIAL I	eaves will	INI 7 AUDUN
	CCI I I I I I I I I I I	Caves with	I V LO, / I M S M O C

	NTC		Stimple	X	Seacro	o16	All	
Ginger Gold	3.7		5.8		5.8		5.1	b
Honeycrisp	0.7		0.4		2.3		1.2	С
Liberty	4.4		1.9		2.6		3.0	bc
Macoun	11.8		12.5		19.5		14.6	а
Zestar!	17.7		11.5		17.2		15.5	а
All	7.6	AB	6.4	В	9.5	Α		
	P-values fron	n Two-W	/ay ANOVA		cultiva	ar	p<0.01	
					kelp		p=0.04	
					cultivar x	kelp	p=0.10	

Numbers followed by the same letter within a row or column do not differ differ at α =0.05

Fruit Rot

Orchard 1

	Fruit Rot		
_	% Incidence		
Cultivar	2009*	2010	2011
Ginger Gold	2.22 ab	0.47b	3.85 b
Honeycrisp	4.11a	9.20a	2.64 b
Liberty	0 b	5.32 ab	2.71b
Macoun	0 b	0.22b	1.27b
Zestar!	3.07a	1.25 b	12.31a

	Fruit Rot				
	% Incidence				
Cultivar	2009 2010 2011				
Ginger Gold	1.59	7.10 b	19.81a		
Honeycrisp	4.14	32.69a	16.41a		
Liberty	3.13	10.92b	17.50a		
Macoun	0.88	5.63 b	3.47 b		
Zestar!	4.45	9.61b	12.51ab		

Fruit with Rots:
Orchard 1 Kelp Extract Treatments, 2009

2000		rr	•	
mnu	Percent	of trillt	WITH	$r \cap t c$
ZUU J	reiteiit	OI HUIL	VVILII	1013

	NTC ^y		Stimple	XX	Seacrop:	16 ^x	All	
Ginger Gold	4.0		0.0		2.7		2.2	abw
Honeycrisp	0.0	В	7.7	Α	4.7	AB	4.1	a
Liberty	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	b
Macoun	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	b
Zestar!	1.3		4.8		3.1		3.1	а
All	1.1		2.5		2.1			
	P-values from	Two-W	/ay ANOVA		cultiva	r	p<0.01	
					kelp		p=0.21	
					cultivar x	kelp	p<0.01	

Numbers followed by the same letter within a row or column do not differ differ at α =0.05

2009-2011 Synopsis: Disease

- Apple scab less of a problem than anticipated
 - Full, seasonal coverage with sulfur and liquid lime sulfur sprays have generally been effective in maintaining fruit scab <1%
 - Foliar scab has been more difficult
 - Management demands good sanitation, sprayer coverage, timing

2009-2011 Synopsis: Disease

- Rusts remain problematic
 - Habitat modification by removal of wild hosts is important
 - So far, little management effect apparent from scab sprays
 - Future research plan in no/reduced sulfur orchard

2009-2011 Synopsis: Disease

- Fruit rots especially troublesome
 - Increasing annually on some cultivars, especially in Orchard 2
 - Rots downgrade fruit to 'cull'
 - Future research:
 - Is sulfur/lime sulfur damaging lenticels and leading to increased rot susceptibility?
 - Can orchard sanitation tactics reduce incidence of rots?

Foliar European Red Mites

Orchard 1

	Foliar European Red Mites			
	% Incidence			
Cultivar	2009	2010	2011	
Ginger Gold	97.36	91.44a	100.00	
Honeycrisp	96.79	91.43 a	100.00	
Liberty	98.76	75.74b	99.74	
Macoun	96.56	87.88a	99.74	
Zestar!	96.55	90.75 a	99.67	

	Foliar European Red Mites			
	% Incidence			
Cultivar	2009	2010	2011	
Ginger Gold	92.17	88.39	98.81	
Honeycrisp	91.96	94.82	98.44	
Liberty	86.73	87.65	94.00	
Macoun	83.70	92.27	92.92	
Zestar!	82.26	90.51	92.78	

Fruit Arthropod Damage Assessment









Surface Lepidoptera Damage on Fruit

Orchard 1

	Surface Lepidoptera Damage				
_		% Incidence			
Cultivar	2009	2010	2011		
Ginger Gold	6.03 b	42.17a	13.33b		
Honeycrisp	9.33 ab	21.94 abc	15.76 ab		
Liberty	9.78ab	14.78 bc	9. 7 9 bc		
Macoun	15.71a	13.16c	4.58c		
Zestar!	10.12 ab	31.14ab	23.28a		

	Surface Lepidoptera Damage			
	% Incidence			
Cultivar	2009	2010	2011	
Ginger Gold	9.26	48.53 a	18.59b	
Honeycrisp	9.55	9.98b	35.72a	
Liberty	10.82	13.96b	17.17b	
Macoun	17.75	15.62 b	14.80b	
Zestar!	9.31	53.69a	19.49b	

Internal Lepidoptera Damage on Fruit

Orchard 1

	Internal Lepidoptera Damage				
	% Incidence				
Cultivar	2009	2010	2011		
Ginger Gold	4.59a	3.39c	1.35 b		
Honeycrisp	0.44 b	54.48a	3.47b		
Liberty	1.33 ab	31.69b	3.33b		
Macoun	1.26ab	22.20b	3.96b		
Zestar!	3.92a	14.42 bc	12.82 a		

	Internal Lepidoptera Damage				
	% Incidence				
Cultivar	2009	2010	2011		
Ginger Gold	10.54a	12.11 c	4.69		
Honeycrisp	3.33b	59.41a	9.82		
Liberty	3.44b	41.95 ab	9.29		
Macoun	2.18b	24.17 bc	7.07		
Zestar!	5.57ab	17.84 c	9.14		

Total CM Trap Captures per Year

Seasonal total CM per orchard/block block per trap, UVM Horticulture Research Farm

Block	Unmanaged Orch 3	IPM	Orch 1	Orch2
2009	189	89	17	53
2010	64	144	117	163
2011	120	185	163	255

Plum Curculio Damage on Fruit

Orchard 1

	Plum Curculio Damage			
	% Incidence			
Cultivar	2009	2010	2011	
Ginger Gold	0.67	15.08 ab	6.98 ab	
Honeycrisp	4.44	2.22 b	11.04a	
Liberty	0.89	28.90 a	5.63 ab	
Macoun	0.98	24.60 a	4.38b	
Zestar!	0.47	12.89 ab	10.95 a	

	Plu	ım Curculio Damag	e	
_	% Incidence			
Cultivar	2009	2010	2011	
Ginger Gold	5.47	6.04	5.60 ab	
Honeycrisp	17.75	11.77	9.77 ab	
Liberty	12.77	11.42	5.98ab	
Macoun	11.82	9.67	1.60 b	
Zestar!	13.31	10.48	10.95 a	

Tarnished Plant Bug Damage on Fruit

Orchard 1

	Tarnished Plant Bug Damage				
	% Incidence				
Cultivar	2009	2010	2011		
Ginger Gold	10.76	22.79 a	8.23		
Honeycrisp	12.22	11.88 ab	9.38		
Liberty	12.22	5.93 b	11.46		
Macoun	8.80	10.45 ab	10.42		
Zestar!	10.99	13.77 ab	10.03		

	Tarnished Plant Bug Damage			
	% Incidence			
Cultivar	2009	2010	2011	
Ginger Gold	20.13	14.40	9.52	
Honeycrisp	14.04	9.46	9.61	
Liberty	17.90	9.55	7.20	
Macoun	14.13	9.87	10.13	
Zestar!	14.60	8.48	4.76	

Apple Maggot Fly Damage on Fruit

Orchard 1

	Apple Maggot Fly Damage			
	% Incidence			
Cultivar	2009*	2010	2011	
Ginger Gold	0.22	0.22 ab	0 b	
Honeycrisp	0.00	2.09 a	0 b	
Liberty	0.44	0.00 b	0 b	
Macoun	0.00	0.00 b	0 b	
Zestar!	0.22	0.00 b	0.63 a	

	Apple Maggot Fly Damage			
	% Incidence			
Cultivar	2009	2010	2011	
Ginger Gold	0.53	0.11	0.21	
Honeycrisp	1.37	0.32	0.42	
Liberty	0.76	0.00	0.00	
Macoun	0.71	0.00	0.40	
Zestar!	0.41	0.25	0.00	

Apple Maggot Fly Damage on Fruit: Orchard 1 Kelp Extract Treatments, 2009

2009 Percent f	fruit with	apple	maggot o	damage
	. OIL TTICLL	SPPIC		⁴ 411145

	NTC		Stimple	ex	Seacrop	16	All	
Ginger Gold	0.7		0.0		0.0		0.2	
Honeycrisp	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	
Liberty	1.3		0.0		0.0		0.4	
Macoun	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	
Zestar!	0.7		0.0		0.0		0.2	
All	0.5	Αw	0.0	В	0.0	В		
	P-values from	P-values from Two-Way ANOVA F-test		cultiva	r	p=0.41		
					kelp		p=0.01	
					cultivar x l	kelp	p=0.45	

Numbers followed by the same letter within a row or column do not differ differ at α =0.05

2009-2011 Arthropod Synopsis:

- AMF essentially not present
 - Active elsewhere on the farm
 - Removal of wild hosts reduced population?
 - Entrust efficacy?
- TPB, PC, EAS sporadically problematic
 - Intensive spray schedule
 - Addition of neem @ pink reduced fruit drop from EAS as observed in 2008
 - Damage rarely or uncommonly downgrades fruit @ packout

2009-2011 Arthropod Synopsis: Mites

- Phytophagous mites are a serious and increasing problem in both orchards
 - Despite seeding both orchards with T. pyri predators
- Sulfur, lime sulfur, and Surround all have shown reductions in predatory mites populations and subsequent flareups of phytophagous mites in previous studies
- Kelp-extract applications showed no effect in two years of study
- Future research:
 - How to reduce phytophagous mite-suppressive sprays
 - Use of crop oils later in season to suppress mite buildups

2009-2011 Arthropod Synopsis: Mites

Future research:

- Pest management strategies to reduce phytophagous mite-suppressive sprays
- Use of crop oils (mineral oil/neem/botanical extracts) later in season to suppress mite buildups

2009-2011 Arthropod Synopsis: Leps

- 'Surface'
 - OBLR, RBLR, GFW, early CM?
 - Sublethal materials (Bt, carpovirusine) may allow some surface damage?
- 'Internal'
 - CM, probably not OFM
 - Carpovirusine
 - Reduced CM in 2011 but still high, and at high cost
 - 2012- Explore addition of mating disruption to improve management
 - Conventional wisdom- plots should be large and contiguous

Challenges & Future Research





- Non-Target Impacts of Scab Management (Sulfur and Lime Sulfur)
- Rust Management
- ERM Management
- Fruit Rots
- Codling Moth Management



Orchard 4 - High Density, Scab-Resistant



2011
Crimson Crisp
Crimson Gold
Crimson Topaz
Williams Pride
Winecrisp
Querina
Galarina





a resource for organic apple production

 Organic Apple Website http://www.uvm.edu/organica/



Practical Guide for Organic Apple Production

Organic Basics - Horticulture - Organic IPM - Economics & Marketing - Listserves & Blogs Case Studies - The OrganicA Project - Progress Report - Additional Links - OrganicA Home Please take a moment to send us your input, comments, and suggestions: *Evaluate OrganicA*



~ Practical Guide for Organic Apple Production ~

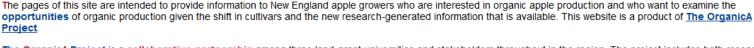
The goal of this publication is to share the authors' experiences and knowledge about organic apple production in New England.

click here to view the guide





Welcome to OrganicA - a resource for organic apple production





The OrganicA Project is a collaborative partnership among three land-grant universities and stakeholders throughout in the region. The project includes both research and a closely integrated organic apple outreach program which is disseminating research findings, information, and insights. The long-term goal of this multi-state, multidisciplinary project is to enhance adoption of organic apple production in New England through research that advances the scientific knowledge base and provides practical information to stakeholders.



The OrganicA Project is holistically examining the opportunities and challenges of organic production within the two major orchard systems growers are using to change to new cultivars and with five of the top apple cultivars that growers identified as important to the future of the industry. The project was initiated with these two systems in 2006 with the 'orchard establishment' phase completed in 2009. Phase 2, the 'early bearing' phase, is underway. Based on findings from the initial research, an additional orchard was planted in 2011 with eight scab-resistant apple cultivars in a high density orchard system.

Major funding for the project comes from the USDA Organic Research & Extension Initiative. Additional funding sources are listed at: Project Funding Sources



Orchard Observations

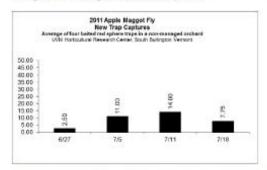
http://www.uvm.edu/~organica/ListservesBlogs/listservesblogs.html



a resource for organic apple production

Orchard Observations
Lorraine P. Berkett
July 26, 2011

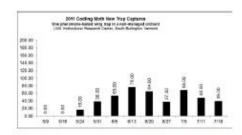
Apple Maggot Flies (AMF) — This part of the growing season is usually a very active time for AMF. Below are the weekly new trap captures in a non-managed orchard at the Hort Farm through last week using baited, sticky red spheres.



We will be checking the traps by tomorrow to determine if intervention is needed in Orchard I and 2 this week.



This is a Honeycrisp apple that came from Orchard I this morning. It is always not good to see <u>Codling Moth</u> (CM) larval damage. Last year we had high fruit damage from this insect; populations seem to have built up at the Hort Farm. As mentioned in the last issue of 'Orchard Observations', trap captures of adult moths have been high again this year (see graph below with updated pheromone trap captures in a non-managed orchard on the farm through last week).



We continue to try to reduce the CM population in the organic orchards through the use of BT and codling moth granulovirus.

I am happy to report that other arthropod 'pests' such as aphids, leafhoppers, and mites are at low levels — at least presently! The very hot, dry weather we have experienced over the last week is favorable for <u>European red mite</u> (ERM) and twospotted spider mite (TSSM) populations and we will be monitoring them closely.

In walking through Orchard 1 and 2, the most prevalent disease symptom is rust lesions -- the wet spring was very favorable for infection -- even on fruit. At harvest, we will be collecting data to see what cultivars had more damage to fruit and foliage.



Rots at the calyx end of an apple can be caused by a number of fungi. The picture below is a Honeycrisp apple with a rot developing. However, as I looked closer at the apple -- that whitish, oblong egg shell at the end of a slender stalk -- that was an egg of an 'aphid lion' which is the immature stage of a green lacewing insect. So, although I did not like seeing the rot. I was happy to see that biological control is occurring in the orchard!!





Funding Sources



United States
Department of
Agriculture

National Institute of Food and Agriculture

Organic Research & Extension Initiative









Vermont Tree Fruit Growers Association



United States Department of Agriculture Thank You!







a resource for organic apple production







Thank you!